

USAKOVSKAYA, T. S., GOLUBEVA, G. P., RYABCHERKO, N. I., SOKOLOVA, T. D., TSEYTLIN, P. I., SPITKOVSKI, D. M. (USSR).

Structural Lability of Deoxyribonucleic Acids and Deoxyribonucleoproteins as a function of their Molecular Morphology.

report presented at the 5th Int'l.
Biochemistry Congress, Moscow; 10-16 Aug. 1961

TSEYTLIN, P. I.; USAKOVSKAYA, T. S.

Effect of ionizing radiation on the complexes of deoxyribonucleic acid with methylamine; on the problem of radiosensitive and radioresistant forms of deoxyribonucleic acid. Radiobiologiia 2 no.3:356-361 162. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Institut eksperimental'noy biologii AMN SSSR, Moskva.

(NUCLEIC ACIDS) (METHYLAMINE) (X RAYS-PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

TSEYTLIN, P.I.; USAKOVSKAYA, T.S.: SPITKOVSKIY, D.M.; TONGUR, V.S.

Study of the raciosensitivity of DNA on the molecular level.

Trudy MOIP. Otd. biol. 7:42-46 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1

ACC NR. AP6022568 SOURCE CODE: UR/0216/66/000/002/0197/0210 AUTHOR: Tseytlin, P. I.; Spitkovskiy, D. I.; Gorin, A. I.; Ivannik, B. P.; Kulikova, L. G.; Luchkina, L. A.; Martynov, E. V.; Ryabchenko, N. I.; Usakovskaya, T. S. ORG: Institute of Experimental Biology, AMN SSSR, Moscow (Institut eksperimental noy biologii AMN SSSR) TITLE: Analysis of radiation injury to deoxyribonucleoproteins at the molecular and supramolecular levels SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya biologicheskaya, no. 2, 1966, 197-210 TOPIC TAGS: radiation injury, protein, DNA, x ray irradiation, hydrogen bonding, molecular structure ABSTRACT: X-irradiation does not give rise to covalent crosslinks within the DNA macromolecule, i.e., it does not prevent the separation of ENA strands or interfere with its replication. The authors' studies on optic rotation of DNA and DNP and melting curves indicate that irradiation causes latent damage to the system of hydrogen bonds. The formation of single breaks in the polynuclocide skeleton may result in rotation around the remaining single bond at the site of the break. This may produce local change in the configuration of the DNA macromolecule, resulting in steric hindrance between the DNA and corresponding protein molecule. Irradiation with doses below 10 rad causes treaks only in a small number of DNA molecules. This does not alter the physicochemical properties of the DNA or DNP as a whole, although it undoubtedly has some biological UDG; 577.391	ACC NR. AP6022568 SOURCE CODE: UR/0216/66/000/002/0197/0210 AUTHOR: Taeytlin, P. I.; Spitkovskiy, D. I.; Gorin, A. I.; Ivannik, B. P.; Kulikova, L. G.; Luchkina, L. A.; Martynov, E. V.; Ryabchenko, N. I.; Usakovskaya, T. S. ORG: Institute of Experimental Biology, AMN SSSR, Moscow (Institut eksperimental noy biologic AMN SSSR) TITLE: Analysis of radiation injury to deoxyribonucleoproteins at the molecular and supramolecular levels SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya biologicheskaya, no. 2, 1966, 197-210 TOPIC TAGS: radiation injury, protein, DNA, x ray irradiation, hydrogen bonding, molecular structure ABSTRACT: X-irradiation does not give rise to covalent crosslinks within the DNA macromolecule, i.e., it does not prevent the separation of ENA strands or interfere with its replication. The authors' studies on optic rotation of DNA and DNP and melting curves indicate that irradiation causes latont damage to the system of hydrogen bonds. The formation of single broaks in the polynuclootide skeleton may result in rotation around the remaining single bond at the site of the break. This may produce local change in the configuration of the DNA macromolecule, resulting in steric hindrance between the DNA and corresponding protein molecule. Irradiation with doses below 10 rad causes treaks only in a small number of DNA molecules. This does not alter the physicochemical properties of the DNA or DNP as a whole, although it undoubtedly has some biological	31194-66 EWP(;)/EWT(m) RM	5-
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USAKOVSKIY, A.Ye., starshiy master

Rapid lathe operator S.M.Bushuev. Mashinostroitel' no.1:23-24
N '56.

1. Avtomavod imeni Likhacheva.
(Turning)

USAKOVSKIY,	L.	PA 30T	77
graves (USSR/Ships - Construction Oct 1947 Tools	
		"Problems and Functions of Tool Agencies," L. Usakov- skiy, Engr, 12 pp	
		"Morskoy Flot" No 10	
		Discussion of the proper operation and functions of tool agencies in supplying tools, in acting as a cen- tral storercom for tools, in buying new tools and materials necessary to make them, and in keeping tools in proper operating condition.	
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USANOVSKIT, L., inshener.

Tasks and duties of the services in charge of tools and instruments. Mor. flot 7 mo.10:41-42 0 '47. (MLRA 9:6) (Toolroom practice)

USAKOVSKIY, M., inzh., laureat Stalinskoy premii

Automatic loaders. IUn. takh. 5 no. 12:12-14 D '60.

(MIRA 14:1)

(Loading and unloading)

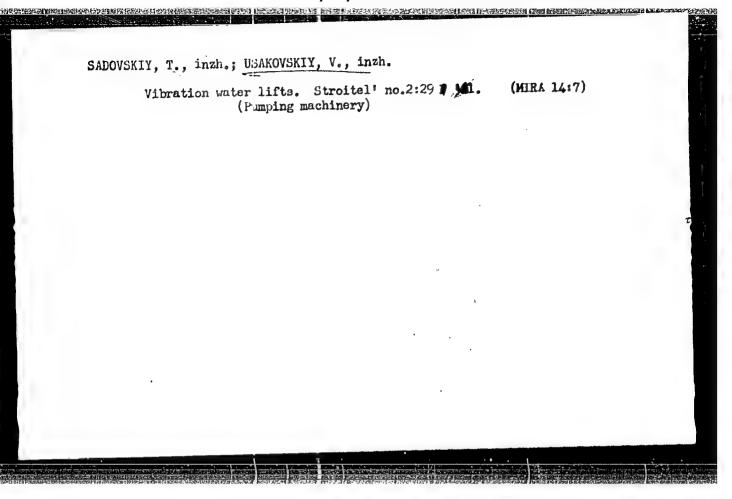
(Automatic control)

ZIMIN, P.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; USAKOYSKIT, M.Sh., inshener.

Grated transport of bricks. Zhel.dor.transp. 39 no.2:77 F '57.

(Bricks-Transportation)

(Bricks-Transportation)



USAKOVSKIY, V.M.; TWO MARTAN, H.G., red.; DIBINA, V.N., tekhn.red.

[Using new materials and designs of pipes during the current seven-year plan] Primenenie nowykh materialov i konstruktsii truboprovodov v tekushchei semiletke; lektsiis dlia studentov VZIITa V-VI kursov vsekh spetsial'nostei. Moskva, Vses. zaochnyi in-t inzhemerov shel-dor.transp., 1959. 19 p.

(Pipe)

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	TATAL SALESANIA (M.) NO PROS TRANSPORTOR	
ACC NR: AP6035759	(A,N)	SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/006/019/0130/0131
INVENTOR: Slavin, R.	M.; Usakovskiy	v, V. M.; Babakhanov, Yu. M.; Lugovskoy, M. V.
ORG: none		
Scientific Research I	nstitute for Ru	ass 59, No. 186862. [announced by the All-Union aral Electrification (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledo-sel'skogo khozyaystva)
SOURCE: Izobreteniya	, prom/shlemyye	obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 19, 1966, 130-131
TOPIC TAGS: meckanic	akxanyincaring,	fluid pump, hydraulic pump, electric motor
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Cord 1/1		UDC: 621,67-83
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USAKOVSKIY, V.M., inzh.

Study of the possibility of using vibration techniques for raising water from slim wells. Nauch. trudy VIESKH 7:5-8 '60.

(MIRA 15:8)

(Stock and stockbreeding—Water supply)

(Water supply, Rural)

MIKHALICHEMKO, G.A.; MICYUREV, Yu.A.; 108710V, N.A.; USALOV, Yu.P.

Topography of the luminosity apparent in the mechanical de-excitation of F-irradialed alkali halide drystal phosphors. Opt. i spektr. 18 no.6:1072-1073 Je 165.

(MIRA 18:12)

USAN, A.L

28(2)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/1679

Froshikov, Aleksandr Ivanovich, and Aleksandr Lukich Usan

Schetno-perforatsionnyye 45-kolonnyye mashiny; tekhnicheskoye obsluzhivaniye i remont (Forty-Five Column Punched Card Computer; Servicing and Repair) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1958. 270 p. 3:000 copies printed.

Reviewers: N.A. Vasilevskiy and I.F. Merekalov; Ed.: M.G. Rappoport; Ed. of Publishing House: A.G. Akimova; Tech. Ed.: A.F. Uvarova; Managing Ed. for Literature on Machine Building and Instrument Construction: N.V. Pokrovskiy, Engineer.

PURPOSE: The book is intended primarily for mechanics engaged in the maintenance and repair of punched card computers, and may also be useful to people employed in the field of mechanization of calculations.

Card 1/12

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.)

SOV/1679

COVERAGE: The book contains basic information for the maintenance and repair of a 45-column punched card computer. The material is based on the experience of several Soviet computer stations and of Soyuzmashuchet. In addition, instructions found in the technical and servicing manuals accompanying the machine are taken into consideration. A brief description of the construction of a 45-column punched card computer is given, as well as methods of determining defects in mechanisms and computer blocks, and some practical examples of modernizing computers in order to increase their utility. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

rre	race		3
		Purpose and Field of Application of Punched Card Computers	5
	runci	ed cards and their requirements	5
Ch.	II.	Perforators Pd45-1 and PD45-2	8

Card 2/12

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV/1679	
Purpose, fundamental operational data, and principle of	8
operation The principal electrical circuit of the machine	8 9 11 11
The circuit of the one column locarriage return The circuit of the key for full carriage return Fundamental mechanisms, their construction and adjustments	11 11
Mounting Input mechanism and setting of numbers Runching mechanism	11 18 18
Punched card reed mechanism Ch TII Technical Maintenance and Repair of Perforators	23
Cleaning and lubrication	23 26
Repair Fundamental operational defects, their causes and elimination Dislocation of holes in punched cards	26 28
Card 3/12	

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV,	/1679
Incomplete perforation in punched cards	2
Defects of multiple blank mechanism	3
Graph of systematic preventive maintenance	3
Disasembly and assembly	3
Set of spare parts	3 3 3 4
Modernization of perforators PD45-1 and PD45-2	14
Ch. IV. Verifier K45-2	4
Purpose and fundamental operational data	<u>h</u>
Principles of operation and constructional diagram	of
machine	4
Fundamental mechanisms of machine and their adjust	
Adjustment of the punched card feed magazine	4.
Adjustment of the card feed mechanism Adjustment of multiple blank mechanisms	4
Adjustment of receiving device	5 5
Adjustment of electric motor switching mechanis	m and
the carriage starter	5
Adjustment of the reduction unit and clutch	5
	ر.
Card 4/12	

Forty	-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.)	SOV/1679	
The	e electric equipment, its operation a Verifier contacts and their adjustme Switching contact of checking transp Contact blocks of digital keys and t	ents port circuits their adjustments	5: 5: 5: 5:
	Contact blocks of receiving mechanis adjustments Contact of the 45th column and its a Contact of the transport electromagn	adjustment	5! 5!
	adjustment Contact of a skip electromagnet and		55 55
C1 Lui	Technical Maintenance and Repair of K45-1 and K45-2 Cl saning prication and maintenance and Repair of K45-1 and K45-2 Cl		60 60 60
el:	imination art of systematic preventive maintenant		6: 6:

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.)	SOV/1679
Daily maintenance	
Systematic preventive checks	6
maintenance	6
Disassembly and assembly	7
Organizing the working place of the mechan	10 7
opare parts	•
Modernization of verifiers K45-1 and K45-2	7 7
	ı
Ch. VI. Sorter C45-1	7
Fundamental operational data	
Operational principle and lay-out of machine	
Fundamental mechanisms and blocks, their con and adjustments	nstruction
and adjustments	7
Feed magazine	Ż
Punched card feeding mechanism Carrying mechanism	7
Sorting brush block	79
Sorting relay	8:
Sorting electromagnet	8:
Straps	8: 82 8: 8: 8:
Pockets	83
Commutator	Ø
Card 6/12	84

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV/1679	
Ch. VII. Technical Maintenance and Repair of the C45-1 Son Cleaning Lubrication Fundamental operational defects their detects	rter 87 87 87
elimination Chart of systematic preventive maintenance Daily maintenance Systematic preventive checks Maintenance Major repairs Disassembly and assembly Organizing the mechanic's working place Spare parts Modernization of C45-1 sorter	89 94 95 95 96 99 101
Ch. VIII. Tabulators T-4M and T-4MI Fundamental mechanisms, their construction and adjustment Mounting Drive Card 7/12	103 104 8 104 106 106

FUL	ty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV/1679	
	Feed mechanism	10
	Adjustments of feed mechanism	10
	Receiver mechanism	Ĩ:
	Adjustment of receiving mechanism	ī
	Principal computing magnet	ī
	Adjustment of principal coupling magnet	13
	Coupling magnets of feed print mechanisms and their	
	adjustments Counter adjustments	13
	Counter heads and their adjustments	13
	Printing mechanism adjustments	12
	Magnetic case and its adjustments	12
	Carriage and paper feed triangle mechanism and their	12
	adjustments	3.0
	Spacing mechanism and its adjustments	12
	Cam control mechanism	13
	Adjustments of control cams and of a commutator	13 13
	Switchboards and their adjustments	i
	Relay	13
	Relay adjustment	13

Card 8/12

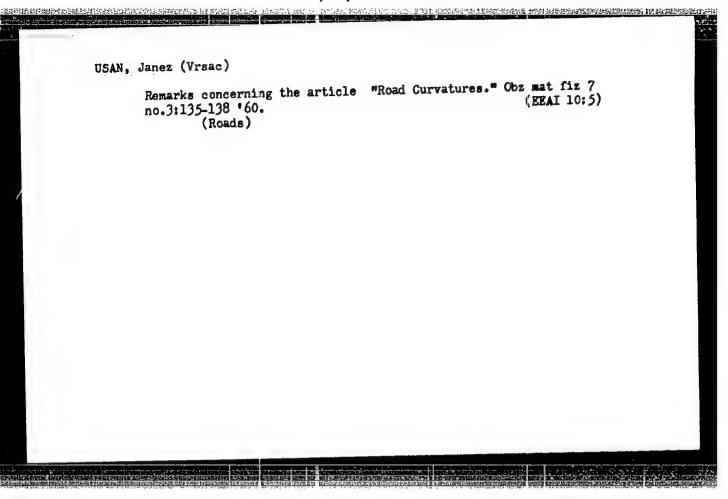
Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV/1679	
Feed mechanism	10
Adjustments of feed mechanism	109
Receiver mechanism	119
Adjustment of receiving mechanism	116
Principal computing magnet	117
Adjustment of principal coupling magnet	117
Coupling magnets of feed print mechanisms and their adjustments	1
Counter adjustments	118
Counter heads and their adjustments	119
Printing mechanism adjustments	12 <u>:</u> 12 <u>:</u>
Magnetic case and its adjustments	128
Carriage and paper feed triangle mechanism and their	
adjustments	129
Spacing mechanism and its adjustments	13
Cam control mechanism	132
Adjustments of control cams and of a commutator	133
Switchboards and their adjustments Relay	133 131
Relay adjustment	134
	137
Card 8/12	

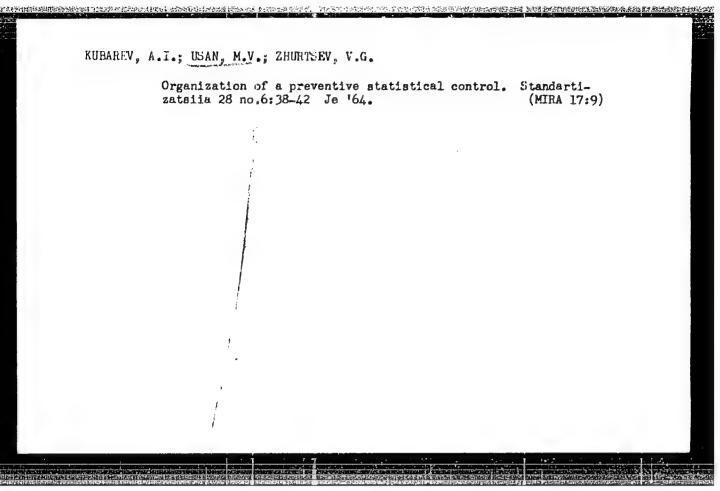
Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SO	1/1679
Ch. IX. Technical Maintenance and Repair of the T-	M and
T-4MI Tabulators	140
Daily technical maintenance	140
Lubrication	141
Method of determing defects in electric circuits	and
mechanisms by the nature of counting and printing	errors 157
Counting errors	157
Erros in the summary printer	163
Errors in the balancing and summing of totals	164
Errors observed in one section of the counter	164
Operational defects of the T-4M and T-4MI tabi	
and their elimination	165
Defects in the feed and receiver mechanisms	165
Defects in electric motor circuits	170
Defects in counting	175
Defects in the printing mechanism Defects in the control apparatus	184
Defects in selector operation	187
perects in selector operation	187

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV/1679	
Planning and performing of tabulator repairs	188
reriods and types of repairs	188
Repair of counters	189
Repair of counter heads	19
Repair of control cam block	19
Repair of switch panel	19
Repair of switchboard	19
Repair of feed mechanism	190
Repair of coupling magnets (principal, printing and	
reed)	198
Spare parts for tabulators	199
Special instruments and equipment for repair of tabulators	199
Modernization of tabulators	211
Ch. X. Summary Puncher IP-45	02.6
Technical characteristics	216
Operational principle	216
Construction and adjustments of fundamental mechanisms	216
Mounting	217
Feed mechanism	217
Motor drive mechanism	217 221

Forty-Five Column Punched Card (Cont.) SOV/1679	
KOLCA-LIAG OCTAMIN TANGANDA	221
Keyboard	221
Mechanism of bar electromagnets	221
Punch mechanism	222
Carrying mechanism	222
Dunidastion mechanism	222
Times commutator mechanism	22
Adjustment of summary puncher mechanisms	,
Ch. XI. Technical Maintenance and Repair of Summary	000
Puncher IP45-1	229
	225
Cleaning Lubrication	22
	23
Repair Fundamental operational defects, their causes and	23
m A A A A . m	23
Graph of systematic - preventive maintenance	23
Disassembly and assembly	24
Spare parts	67
Card 11/12	
VQ1 U ==/ 15	

Maintenance of electric motor . XIII. Organizing the Repair and Maintenance of Punched Card Computers System of systematic-preventive maintenance	244 244 246 246 246
Maintenance Maintenance of electric motor . XIII. Organizing the Repair and Maintenance of Punched Card Computers System of systematic-preventive maintenance	244 246 246
Maintenance Maintenance of electric motor . XIII. Organizing the Repair and Maintenance of Punched Card Computers System of systematic-preventive maintenance	244 246 246
XIII. Organizing the Repair and Maintenance of Punched Card Computers System of systematic-preventive maintenance	246 246
Card Computers	246
Card Computers	246
Gretam of systematic-preventive maintenance	
Oncordation of moons for systematic-preventive maintenance	24
Oleguizing of means for papermanners	0110
Onganizing supplies of spare Darts	249
Organization of the workshop for the maintenance and	249
repair of machines	250
Technology of repair operations	250
POTGELTUK OPERATIONS	252
vecounting and robert or bere-	251
	255
Rewinding relay wheels and electromagnets Making parts in the repair shop of a machine-computer	
station	259
. XIV. Safety Techniques in the Repair and Maintenance of Punched Card Computers	266
runched card compared (OA 75 G77)	
AILABLE: Library of Congress (QA 75.G77) LK/jmr 6-15-59	
rd 12/12	





USAN, M.V.; ZHURTJEV, V.G.; KUBAREV, A.I.

Effect of some technological factors on the operating precision of automatic lathes for longitudinal form turning. Stan. 1 instr. (MERA 17:12)

ZHURTSEV, V.O.; KUBAREV, A.I.; USAN, M.V.

Determination of the sones of tolerance for the ajustment of machine tools. Priborostroenie no.12:21-24 D '64.

(MIRA 18:3)

BUKHMAN, A.S., kand.teldnn.nauk; USAN-PODGORNOV, B.M., inzh.

Prestressed reinforced concrete ties for mine timbering.
Shakht. stroi. no.12:23-26 D '57.

(Mine timbering)

(Prestressed concrete construction)

SOV/97-58-10-7/17

Bukhman, A.S. (Candidate of Technical Sciences) and AUTHORS:

Usan-Podgornov, B.M. (Engineer).

Construction of Precast Prestressed Reinforced Concrete TITLE:

Pit Props and Technology of their Manufacture (Konstruktsii predvaritel no napryazhennykh zhelezobe-

tonnykh elementov shakhtnoy krepi i tekhnologiya ikh

PERIODICAL: Beton i zhelezobeton, 1958, Nr 10, pp 383-385 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In 1957-58 the authors of this article designed precast prestressed reinforced concrete slabs for propping coalmine galleries. This work was carried out in conjunction with M.N. Geleskul, Candidate of Technical Sciences, in the Laboratory for New Designs of Coal-Mining Supporting Constructions, of the Scientific and Research Institute for Coal Mining (VUGI). This new type of propping slab was tested and the results are described in detail. Concrete mark 400 was used based on granite aggregate. The concrete mix was 1:1.5:1.5 and the water/ The cement was of cement ratio between 0.28 and 0.32.

350-400 kg/cm² activity and was ground on vibro-grinder VM-10. The reinforcement was of 2.6 mm diameter high Card 1/3

SOV/97-58-10-7/17

Construction of Precast Prestressed Reinforced Concrete Pit Props and Technology of their Manufacture

carbon wire with an ultimate strength of 187 kg/mm². The slabs were consolidated on vibrating table VS-IM. Curing was carried out at a mean temperature of 18 - 20°C. Tensioning was carried out on stand SNS-1 constructed by Giprouglemash. The tensioning apparatus used was of the type DP-2 of TsNIIS. Tests show that this concrete slab reaches during bending a strength of 40 kg/cm2. Table 1 gives values obtained during tests which prove that constructions from prestressed reinforced concrete slabs type VUGI are three times stronger and much more economical than those from ordinary reinforced slabs type PNIUI. At the same time the above mentioned laboratory studied mass production of these slabs by the method of casting by vibration. Fig 2 shows the concreting yard and combine on which these slabs are manufactured. Fig 3 shows the vibrating construction used in the manufacture of slabs of rectangular crosssection. Table 2 shows that the strength of the concrete and the load-bearing capacity of the concrete slabs are adequate after only 5 - 10 days of hardening.

Card 2/3

Construction of Precast Prestressed Reinforced Concrete Pit Props and Technology of their Manufacture

Between 1952-54 the VUGI, in collaboration with TsNIPS, worked on the manufacture of slabs of rectangular cross-section for pit-propping, and on conveyor and stand methods of production. Fig 4 illustrates vibrating stand forming part of a concreting combine for casting prestressed reinforced concrete slabs of fashioned cross-section. Vibrators of the type I-50 were used.

There are 4 figures and 2 tables.

Card 3/3

GELESKUL, M.B.; KISELEV, Ye.S.; USAN-PODGORNOV, B.M.

Use of new reinforced concrete frame timbering made of T section members. Ugol' 35 no.5;41-44 My '60. (MIRA 13:7)

(Mine timbering)

(Reinforced concrete construction)

GELESKUL, M.N.; USAN-PODGORMOV. B.H.

Study of rock pressure manifestations in the mines of the Moscow Basin. Ugol' 36 no.6:23-24 Je '61. (MRA 14:7)

1. Institut gornogo dela im. A.A. Skochinskogo. (Moscow Basin--Rock pressure)

GOLESKIL, Mikhail Nikitovich; USAN-PODGORNOV, Boris Mikhaylovich; KOSTAN'YAN, A.Ya., red.izd-va; BOLDYREVA, Z.A., tekhn. red.

[Repair of mine workings for the timberer] Krepil'shchik po remontu gornykh vyrabotok. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1962. 246 p. (Mine timbering)

USAN-PODGORNOV, B.M., inzh. Study of the operating conditions of a support in units in unstable rocks. Nauch. soob. IGD 15:120-128 '62.

(MIRA 17:2)

TO PRODUCE THE PROPERTY OF THE

USAN-PODGORNOV, B.M.

Determining initial mining engineering parameters for the calculation of drift supports in Moscow Basin mines. Fig. mekh. svois., dav. i razr. gor. porod. no.2:196-206 163. (MIRA 17:1)

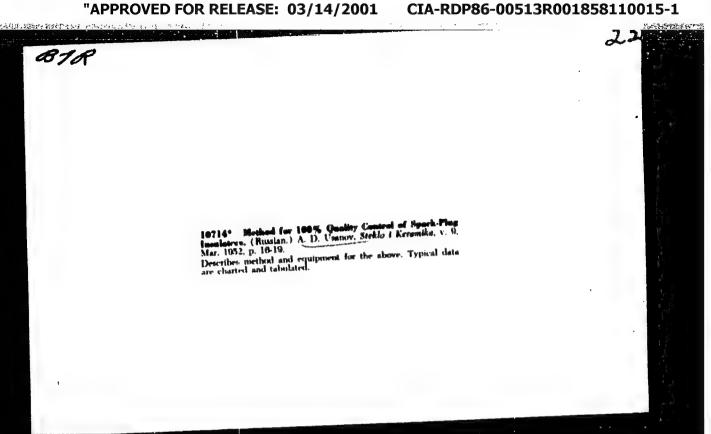
USANOV, A.

Eighty projects. Sov.shakht. 10 no.4:15 Ap '61.

(MIRA 14:9)

1. Nachal'nik proyektno-konstruktorskogo byuro shakhty No.5-bis "Trudovskaya".

(Mining engineering)



Contilly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress
June 1963.

USANOV, A D.

DEST/Engineering - Fuel pumps

Card 1/1 Pub. 12 - 3/14

Authors

& Chapchaev, A. A.; Usanov, A. D.; and Hinyaylov, V. F.

Title .

* Standardizing fuel pumps for automobile engines

Periodical

8 Avt. trakt. prom. 5, 9-12, May 1954

Abstract

* The editorial gives some information concerning tests, conducted by the Scientific Automotive Institute, on standardizing fuel pumps for the GAZ-51, ZIM, GAZ M-50, ZIS-120, and ZIS-5M automobile engines. Illustrations and diagrams depicting the testing of fuel pumps, are presented. Graph; drawings.

Institution

Submitted

 Standardization in the automobile industry. Standartizatsiia no.2:14-19 Mr-Ap *55. (MIRA 8:6)			
1. Nauchnyy avtomotornyy institut. (Automobiles engineeringStandards)			
!			

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 C

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1

USANOV, A. D.

USANOV, A. D. "Investigation of the Effect of the Basic Farameters and Conditions of Operation of an Automobile Engine on the Operating Condition of the Spark Plugs." Min Automobile Industry USSR. State Union Order of Labor Red Banner Sci Res Automobile and Automotor Inst (NAMI). Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Science)

So: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 18, 1956,

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1

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64 5 // 46 h.	11-12
KUROV,	B.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; MINYAYLOV, V.F.; USANOV, A.D., kand.tekhn.nauk.
	Engine of the FIAT-600 automobile. Avt.i trakt.prom. no.7:141-46 Jl '57. (MIRA 10:11) (ItalyAutomobilesEngines)
Here the color of	

AUTHOR:

Usanov, A.D., Chapchayev, A.A.

113-58-7-11/25

TITLE:

The Effect of the Operating Conditions of the Engine on the Operation of the Spark Pluga (Vliyeniye rezhimov ekspluatatsii

dvigatelya na rabotu svechey zazhiganiya)

PERIODICAL:

Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost', 1958, Nr 7,pp 22-25 (USSE)

ABSTRACT:

Research conducted by Academician Kulebakin of the TsKP mototsiklostroyeniya (TskB of Motorcycle-Building), the LFI imeni Kalınına (LPI imeni Kalının) and the NIIAvtopriborov, has cast light on several technical problems connected with the increase of the reliability and evaluation of the thermal properties of spark plugs. Investigations were made with the aid of onecylinder sections and the many-cylinder engines of serial production, such as GAZ M-20, GAZ-51, ZIL-120 and MZMA-401. Thus the characteristics of an AllU plug with a heat chamber of C.61 cubic cm content changes sharply depending on the spot they are inserted, while the temperatures of a plug of the same type but with a heat chamber content of 0.21 cubic cm almost never change, no matter where the plug is inserted. Consequently, changes of the heat chamber content should be utilized in the standardization of spark plugs and creation of a rational thermal range. The AllU plug, with its heat chamber content of

Card 1/2

115-58-7-11/25

The Effect of the Operating Conditions of the Engine on the Operation of the Spark Plugs

C.61 cubic cm, is close to the A16U plug, of 0.53 cubic cm, with respect to thermal characteristics. It was found that the existing plug type most suitable for the thermal tension conditions of the engines is a 14-mm spark plug with a threadless fastening of the shaft of the central electrode to the uralite insulator, and with the core fastened to the spark body by an airtight powder sealing.

There are 2 photos, 3 graphs, and 3 diagrams.

ASSOCIATION: NAMI (NAMI)

1. Spark plugs--Performance 2. Spark plugs--Thermal properties

Card 2/2

 USANOV. A.V., inzh.; LARYUKHINA, G.G., inzh.

Shortcomings in methods for testing dusters and sprayers. Trakt.
i sel'khozmash. 8:29-30 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:8)

(Spraying and suting equipment--Testing)

IL'IN, Gennadiy Pavlovich; USANOV, Aleksandr Vasil'yevich; MUKHIN, A.I., red.;
IOFINOVA, TS.B., red. izd-va; LOBANKOVA, R.Ye., tekhm. red.

[Machinery and equipment for the reforestation of cutover areas]
Mashiny i orudila dlia sozdania lesnyth kul'tur na vyrubkakh.

Moskva, Goslestumizdat, 1961. 95 p. (MIRA 14:8)

(Forests and forestry—Equipment and supplies) (Reforestation)

USANOV, B.

Aerial sportsmen of Lenin's city. Kryl.rod. 14 no.4:6-7 Ap
163. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Sekretar' Leningradskogo gorodskogo komiteta Leninskogo Kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodeshi. (Leningrad---Aerial sports)

USANOV, D.D., kand.tekhn.nauk; ERMAN, T.B.

Electric equipment for Fiat cars with small displacement engines.
Avt. prom. no.5:43-45 '60. (MIRA 14:3)

(Italy—Automobiles—Electric equipment)

USANOV, G.M.

Sedimenation of the productive formation in the Sangachaly-More - Duvannyy Island - Bulla Island anticlinal zone (northeastern Baku Archipelage). Azerb. noft. khoz. 40 no.9:5-8 S '61. (MIRA 15:1)

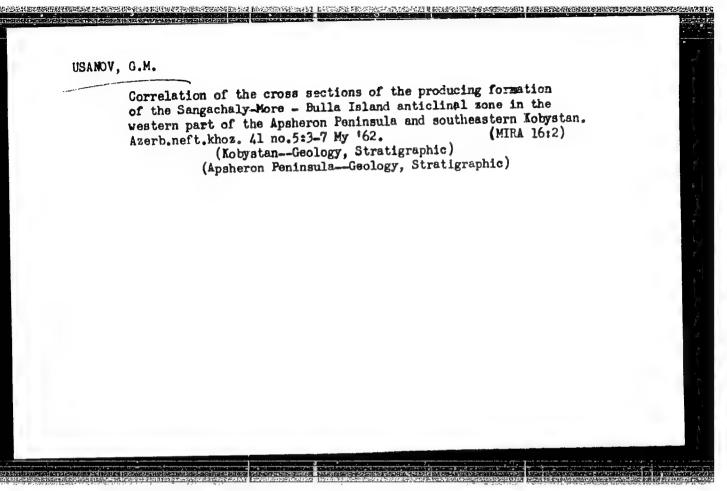
(Baku Archipelago—Petroluem geology) (Baku Archipelage—Gas, Natural—Geology)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

ALIYEV, A.K.; USANOV, G.M.

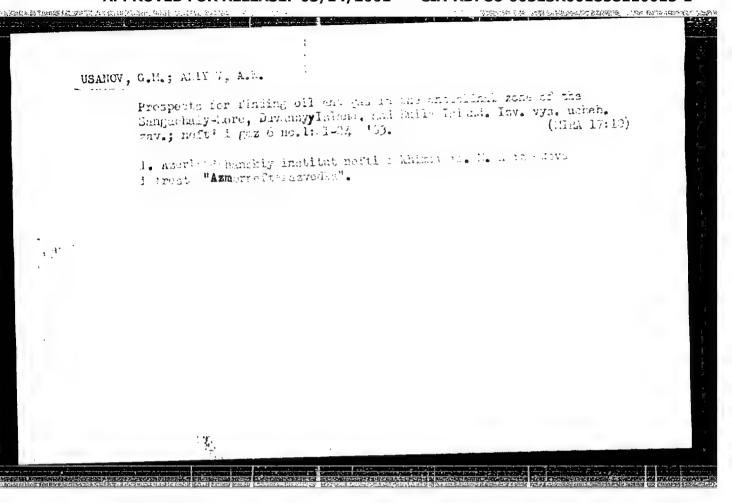
Her data on oil and gas occurrences of Duvannyy Island and the
Sangachaly - More area. Meftegaz.geol. i geofiz. no.8:3-5 (MIRA 18:8)

1. Trest "Azmornefterazvedka".



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1



 Joint tector	ics of a bery	1 deposit	of a new morph	ological type. (MIRA 17:3)	
Sov.geol. 7	no.2:30-41 F	164.		Ç.	

USANOV, L.

Wide utilization of reinforced concrete elements by collective farms. Sel'.stroi.ll no.ll:7 N '56. (MIRA 10:1)

1. Predsedatel kolkhoza imeni Stalina, Verontsovo-Aleksandrovskogo rayona, Stavropol'skogo kraya, deputat Verkhovnogo Soveta RSFSR.

(Reinforced concrete construction)

USANOV, M.S.

Modernization of carding machines. Za indus.Riaz. no.2:21 D'61.

(MIRA 16:10)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Klepikovskoy vatnoy fabriki "Krasnyy Oktyabr"."

KALININ, V.I.; AVERKIN, V.D.; KLUBOV, V.A.; USANOV, N.A.

Trends in prospecting for gas- and oil-bearing structures in the Buzuluk trough and adjacent regions. Geol. nefti i gaza 7 no.11:6-13 11:63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Kuybyshevneftegazrazvedka, Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovateli-skiy geologorazvedochnyy neftyanoy institut i Orenburgmefteraz-vedka.

USANOV, P.; BLOKH, V.; KABANOV, N.; MAYOROV, I.; AMCHISLAVSKIY, F.

Reduction of staff personnel is an essential matter. Sots.trud no.3:105-126 Mr '58. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Nachal'nik otdela organizatsii proizvodatva tekhnicheskogo upravleniya Leningradskogo soveta narodnogo khozyaystva (for Usanov). 2. Direktor zavoda svetotekhnicheskikh izdeliy (for Blokh). 3. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarplaty Pervogo gosudarstvennogo podshipnikovogo zavoda (for Kabanov). 4. Direktor Leningradskogo zavoda delitel'nykh golovok (for Mayorov). 5. Nachal'nik proizvodstva Leningradskogo zavoda delitel'nykh golovok (for Amchislavskiy).

(Leningrad--Industrial organization)

USANOV, P.

Consolidation of related enterprises in the Leningrad Monomic
Region. Sots.trud 5 no.2:70-72 F '60. (MTRA 13:6)
(Leningrad economic region-Consolidation and merger of corporations)

SHUMILIN, Viktor Semenovich; USANOV, P.A., redaktor; FEDOROV, B.M., redaktor; KARASIK, N.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Table for computing the volume of logs edged only on two parallel nides] Tablitsy ob*emov neobreznykh pilomaterialov (brus'ev). Moskva, (MLRA 9:5) Goslostna, 222, 1956. 381 p. (Lumber--Mensuration)

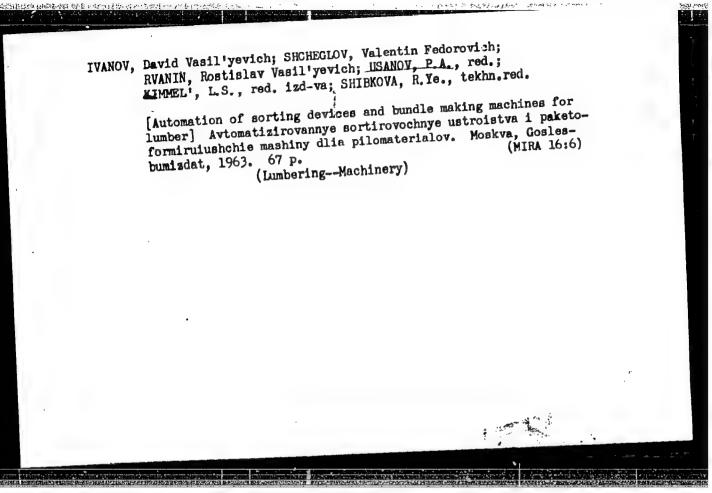
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1

ANIKIN, Anatoliy Mikhaylovich; ANTONOVA, Roza Petrovna; BAKHTKYAROV,
Vladimir Dmitriyevich; USANOV. Petr Alekseyevich, retsenzent,
otv.red.; BURKOV. Vasiliy Ivanovich, retsenzent; PITZHKAN.
Ye.L., red.izd-va; KORNYUSHINA, A.S., tekhn.red.

[Building prefabricated wooden houses] Zavodskoe dereviannoe domostroenie. Moskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1960. 230 p. (MIRA 13:9)

(Buildings, Prefabricated) (Building, Wooden)



ALEYNIKOV, N.A.; GOLOVANOV, G.A.; USACHOV, P.A.; TOCHILIN, M.S.;
PTITSYN, Yu.V.

Winning high-iron magnetite-hematite concentrates. Biul.tekh.ekon.inform.Gos.nauch.-Issl.ihst.nauch.i tekh.inform. no.5:111-13
162. (MIRA 15:7)

(Iron-Metallurgy)

USANDV, V., brigadir slesarey

All this should be realized. Izobr.i rats. no.11:27 N '58. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Vyrubochnyy tsekh fabriki "Skorokhod," Leningrad. (Leningrad.-Shoe industry)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1

L 14450-66 EWT(m)/T ACC NR: AP6002950

SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/024/0116/0116

INVENTOR: Usanov, V. A.; Usov, I. R.

ORG: none

TITLE: Altitude compensating unit for carburetors in internal combustion engines. Class 46, No. 177202 [announced by Central Scientific Research and Design Institute for Fuels Systems in Automotive and Stationary Engines (Tsentral'nyy nauchnoissledovatel skiy i konstruktorskiy institut toplivnoy apparatury avtotraktornykh i statsionarhykh dvigateley)]

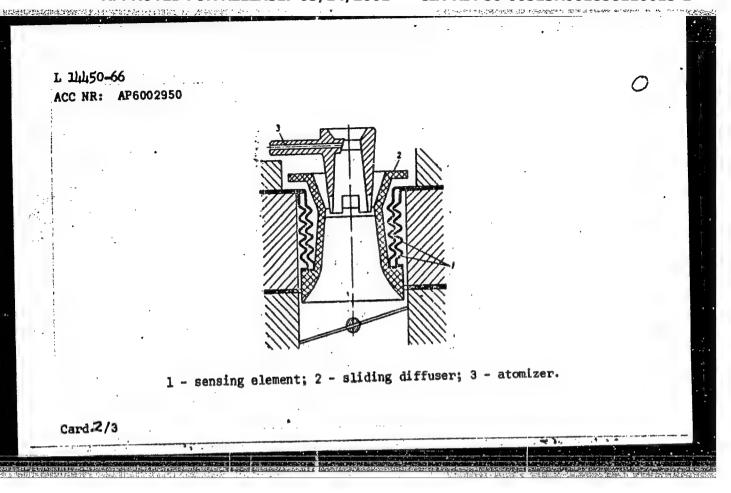
SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 24, 1965, 116

TOPIC TAGS: internal combustion engine, diffuser, fuel carburetor

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces an altitude compensating unit for carburetors in internal combustion engines. The device contains a sensing element, e.g. a bellows, which reacts to changes in atmospheric pressure, and an actuating mechanism which controls fuel supply from the atomizer to the intake channel by changing the vacuum in the main metering system of the carburetor. The design is

Card 1/3

UDC: 621.43.033.6(23.08)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1

L 11:150-66

ACC NR: AP6002950

simplified and the operating stability is improved by making the actuating mechanism in the form of a sliding diffuser connected to the sensing element. The atomizer is located in the throat of the diffuser.

SUB CODE:

21/ SUBM DATE: 15Aug63

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

85433

10.4100

S/170/60/003/011/004/016 B019/B056

11,9200 AUTHORS:

Tsiklauri, G. V., Usanov, V. V.

TITLE:

The Problem of Heat Exchange in a Tube at High Air

Velocities

PERIODICAL:

Card 1/2

Inzhenerno-fizioheskiy zhurnal. 1960 Vol. 3, No. 11,

pp. 48-51

TEXT: The one-dimensional flow of a compressible gas in a tube is measured under the assumption of a convective heat exchange with the wall. The authors succeeded in setting up a linearized differential equation, which describes the motion of the gas. The solutions were checked by means of data experimentally determined by B. S. Pezovan at the MEI, where the local heat exchange in the case of a turbulent flow was investigated. The thin-walled tubes had a diameter of 15.95 mm, and a length, which amounted to the 29.5-fold of the diameter. The temperature of the air flow was changed between 150 and 400 K, whereas the wall temperature was kept constant at 300 K. As may be seen from the comparison of the results, the relations of the hydrodynamic theory for the heat exchange

85433

The Problem of Heat Exchange in a Tube at High Air Velocities

S/170/60/003/011/004/016 B019/B056

within the Mach number range of from '.5 to 3 are correct and may be used for practical calculations. There are ! figure and 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskoye otdeleniya Tsentral nogo kotloturbinnogo

instituta im. I. I. Polzunova (Moscow Branch of the Central

Steam Turbine Institute imeni I. I. Polzunov).

Vsesoyuznyy nauchno issledovatel skiy institut kislorodnogo mashinostroyeniya g. Moskva (All Union Scientific Research

Institute of Oxygen Apparatus and Machinery Moscow)

SUBMITTED:

May 16, 1960

Card 2/2

USANOV, V. V. AND TSIKLAURI G. V.

"On The Analytical Determination of Effective Surfaces in Channels at the Presence of Heat Transfer and Friction."

Report submitted for the Conference on Heat and Mass Transfer, Minsk, BSSR, June 1961.

USANOV, V. V. and TSIKLAURI, G. V.

"The problem of the analytical determination of the effective surfaces in channels involved with heat-exchange and friction."

Report presented at the 1st All-Union Conference on Heat- and Mass-Exchange, Minsk, BSSR, 5-9 June 1961.

43349

5/800/62/000/005/001/002 E202/E492

26.276c AUTHOR:

_Usanov, V.V., Engineer

TITLE:

Heat exchange and resistance in axially summetric nozzle working at slightly supersonic velocities.

SOURCE:

Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kislorodnoyo mashinostroyeniya. Trudy. no.5. Boscow, 1962. Apparaty i mashiny kislorodnykh

ustanovok. 61-83

TEXT: The author aims at extending the applicability of the hydrodynamic heat exchange theory (mET) to the region of slightly supersonic velocities. An internal setting of experiment is selected in which a long axially symmetric divergent duct (nozzle) cooled from outside by hoiling water is chosen. The cross-section of duct is increasing very slowly to prevent sudder velocity jumps. Pressure and temperature are measured at various points along the axis of the duct and at the outer wall respectively, in addition to mass flow measurements, and measurements of the vapour issuing from the cooling chamber surrounding the duct. The theory is developed from first Card 1/2

S/800/62/000/005/001/002 E202/E492

Heat exchange and resistance ...

principles by relating generalized Bernoulli's equation, mass flow, braking temperature, equation of state and heat balance to BET relation. The latter links the coefficient of hydrodynamic resistance ζ to the coefficient of heat transfer α . A detailed analysis of theoretical and experimental data are given. It is concluded that BET may be applied to velocity regions of 1.10 to 1.55 λ , with an average value of Re = 7.33 x 105 for braking temperature and 8.55 x 105 for wall temperature. HHET may be applied as a basis for duct flow calculations in the form St = $\zeta/8$. The work was directed by Professor A.A.Gukhman and Candidate of Technical Sciences A.F.Gandel'sman. There are 8 figures and 2 tables.

Card 2/2

L 11074-63 EWP(q)/EWT(m)/BDS--AFFTC/ASD--JD/JG ACCESSION NR: AP3001379 \$/0148/63/000/005/0156/0161

AUTHOR: Kalitseva, G. K.; Postnikov, V. S.; Usanov, V. V.

Internal friction of Cuan and Cu sub 3 Au alloys

IVUZ. Chernaya metallurgiya, no. 5, 1963, 156-161 SOURCE:

TOPIC TAGS: internal friction, CuAu alloy, Cu sub 3 Au alloy, reorganization of atoms, bond energy, hetero atoms, activation energy, peak properties

ABSTRACT: The internal friction of CuAu and Cu sub 3 Au alloys was studied during cooling in order to determine its peak properties. It is assumed that temperature change reflects the kinetics of the regulation processes. If an hypothesized tolerance for the interaction between internal friction and process regulation is correct, it is possible to compute from isothermic curvature, the time of relaxation of the system to a thermodynamically stable state. From examination of frequency of fluctuation of the peak, displacing toward the high temperatures and decreasing in size, it is inferred that the processes which cause peaks in internal friction apparently involve a reorganization of atoms during regulation. Thus the bond energy of hetero atomz is somewhat greater than that of the uniform atoms. The experimentally determined value for activation energy reflects this fact. Orig. art.

USANOU, U.U.

AID Nr. 987-8 11 June

POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS OF THERMODYNAMIC EQUATIONS FOR VISCOUS GAS FLOW WITH HEAT TRANSFER (USSR).

Usanov. V. V. Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, no. 4, Apr 1963, 22-26.
S/170/63/000/004/003/017

A system of equations in terms of gasdynamic influence coefficients, describing a one-dimensional gas flow with allowance for friction and heat transfer through the wall, is considered. Possible methods of solving the equations are discussed. It is shown that in case of intensive heating the effect of heat transfer on the friction factor must be taken into consideration.

[PV]

Card 1/1

AUTHOR: Gukhman, A. A.; Gandel'sman, A. F.; Naurits, L. K.; Usanov, V. V.

TITLE: Characteristic features of supersonic flows directly adjoining the transonic region

SOURCE: Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, no. 6, 1963, 37-44

TOPIC TAGS: transonic flow, supersonic nozzles, heat transfer, hydrodynamic theory

ABSTRACT: The relationship between heat transfer and hydrodynamic resistance in the transonic region of a gas flow has been investigated experimentally using a test section consisting of a water-cooled nozzle. The following parameters were measured: air-flow rate, static pressure along the nozzle length, stagnation temperature along the cross section before the test section, outside wall temperature of the nozzle, and amount of condensate. Thirteen test runs made

Card 1/2

L 10383-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3003046

covering three basic regimes for the temperature ranges 547.0-548.5K, 629.0-630.5K, and 698.5-699.0K. The results obtained are given in the form of graphs showing pressure and heat-flux distribution, temperature variations, distribution of the coefficient of hydraulic resistance, and of the Stanton number. It is shown that the passage through transonic velocity is accompanied by a disturbance in the normal form of the relationship between the intensity of heat transfer and the hydraulic resistance; beginning with the value of the thermal conductivity of the wall of the nozzle, lambda = 1.35, the basic relationship of the hydrodynamic theory of heat transfer can be applied with accuracy sufficient for practical engineering problems. Orig. art. has: 5 figures, 12 formulas, and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 03Apr63

DATE ACQ: 22Jul63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 00

NO REF SOV: 007

OTHER: 000

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MAL'TSEVA, G.K.; POSTNIKOV, V.S.; USANOV, V.V.

Internal friction in binary ordered alloys with a face-centered cubic lattice. Fiz. met. i metalloved. 16 no.2:302-309 Ag '63.

(MIRA 16:8)

1. Voronezhskiy politekhnicheskiy institut i Kelerovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.

(Alloys—Metallography) (Grystal lattices)

(Internal friction)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858110015-1" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

The Date of the Control of the Contr

IISANOV, V.V., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: NAURITS, L.N., inzh.; TSIKLAURI, G.V.; SHISHOV, Ye.V.; VSEKHSVYATSKIY, V.N.; tekhnik; PONOMAREVA, T.A.; tekhnik; SHCHERBAKOV, V.D.; tekhnik; SPESIVYKH, A.F., tekhnik

Heat exchange and resistance in an axisymmetric nozzle at low supersonic speeds. Trudy VNIIKIMASH no.5:61-83 '62. (MIRA 18:3)

L 42442-65 EWT(1)/EPA(s)-2/EWT(m)/EWA(d)/T/EWP(t)/EPA(bb)-2/EWP(z)/EWA(c)/EWP(b) Pt-7 IJP(c) JD UR/0058/65/000/002/E103/E103

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 2E794

AUTHOR: Antonov, I. V., Unanov, V. V.; Rodionov, A. A.

TITLE: Time dependence of <u>magnetization</u> on the time and recrystallization

CITED SOURCE: Uch. zap. Kemerovsk. gos. ped. in-t, vyp. 7, 1963, 87-89

TOPIC TAGS: time dependence, magnetization, recrystallization, magnetic structure, thermomagnetic working, magnetic alloy

TRANSLATION: It is shown experimentally that the recrystallization occurring during the thermomagnetic working of nickel, iron, 65-permalloy, 79-permalloy, perminvar, and permendur exerts practically no effect on the formation of the magnetic texture in these substances.

SUB CODE: EM, MM

ENCL: 00

Card 1/2 cc

L 13277-65 EMT(1)/EMP(n)/EMT(m)/EMP(w)/EFF(n)-2/EMA(d)/EFF(e)/EPR/T/EMP(t)/FCS(k)/EPA(bb)-2/EMP(b)/EMA(1) Pd-1/Pr-4/Ps-4/Pu-4 JD/WM S/017:/64/000/010/0003/0005

AUTHOR: Usanov, V. V.

TITLE: Relation between heat transfer and friction in the trans mic regime

SOURCE: Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, no. 10, 1964, 3-5

TOPIC TAGS: transonic flow, heat transfer, hydrodynamic theory

ABSTRACT: A generalized relation of the hydrodynamic heat-transfer theory for the transonic region is derived. It is shown that such a relation contradicts the conditions of continuous transition through the velocity of sound. Based on the general velocity reversal effect equation, the relation between heat transfer and friction in the transonic regime is given by

 $\left[\frac{dL_r}{dQ}\right]_{k=1} = -\frac{k-1}{k} \left[1 - \frac{4R'/R}{(k+1)Q'/Q}\right]_{k=1}$

for a variable section channel. Generalizing the hydrodynamic heat transfer theory, the relation between ζ and ζ p \equiv 8St is derived in the form

 $\frac{\zeta}{\zeta_{p}} = \frac{k+1}{2k} \left[1 - \frac{T_{w}}{T_{p}} \right] \left[1 - \frac{4}{(k+1)} \frac{R'Q}{RQ'} \right] \sqrt{1 + R''}$

Card 1/3

L 13277-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4047817

which for a straight tube becomes $\frac{\zeta}{\zeta_p} = \frac{k+1}{2k} \left[1 - \frac{T_p}{T_0} \right]$

This shows that the generalized hydrodynamic heat transfer theory $\mathcal{L}/\mathcal{L}_p = 1$ contradicts the condition of continuous transition through M = 1. The curve in Fig. 1 on the Enclosure based on experimental data by A. A. Gukhman, A. F. Gandel'sman, L. N. Naurits, and V. V. Uganov (IFZh, No. 6, 1963) shows that the value of $\mathcal{L}/\mathcal{L}_p$ near the throat drops sharply. The last equation given represents the lower limit for cylindrical tubes with heat transfer through the channel walls at a fixed temperature factor. Orig. art. has: 7 formulas and 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 05Ju163

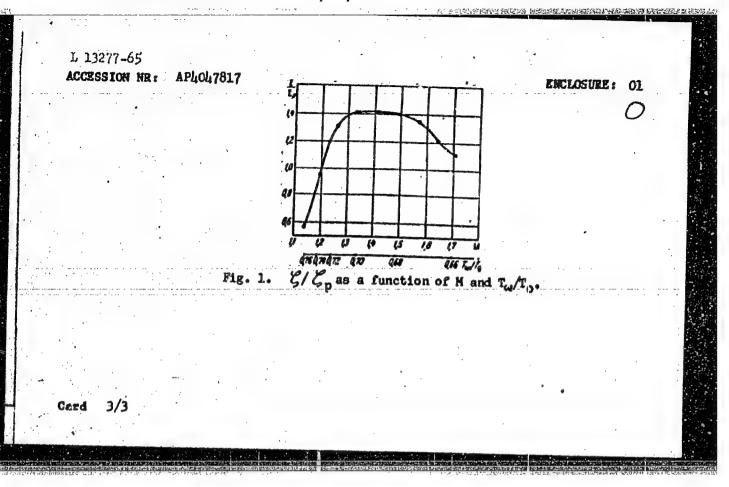
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OTHER: 000

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L 17520-65 ENT(m)/ENP(w)/ENA(d)/T/ENP(t)/ENP(b) ASD(m)-3/\$SD/APNL/AFETR ACCESSION NR: AP4049069 JD/HN S/0148/64/000/011/0149/0154

AUTHOR: Postnikov, V. S.; Usanov, V. V.; Sharshakov, I. M.

TITLE: Effect of heat treatment on physical and mechanical properties of austenitic-martensitic steels

SOURCE: IVUZ. Chernaya metallurgiya, no. 11, 1964, 149-154

TOPIC TAGS: austmitic martensitic steel, precipitation hardenable steel; internal friction, resistivity, structure property

ABSTRACT: Five austenitic-martensitic stainless steels (see Table 1 of the Enclosure) were studied by measuring their internal friction and resistivity on cooling from 700—1200C and, in some cases, on / heating in an attempt to determine the effect of annealing temperature on the character of structural changes and mechanical properties. The temperature dependence of the internal friction and resistivity of steels A, B, C, and E was found to follow the same pattern (see Fig. 1 of the Enclosure). No peaks were observed on internal friction-temperature or resistivity-temperature curves for steel D which, unlike the rest of the steels, had a fully

Card 1/4

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ACCESSION NR: AP4049069

austenitic structure after annealing and air cooling. Temperatures of the peaks of internal friction coincide with those of resistivity peaks and the H temperatures for A, B, C and E steels. The _vel of internal friction at room temperature drops continuously with annealing temperature increased up to 850-1000C and rises sharply with further increases of temperature. The latter increase is explained by an increased stability of austenite and by some changes in δ -ferrite, apparently a precipitation of σ -phase on the γ - δ interface, Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Voronezhskiy polytekhnicheskiy institut (Voronezh Polytechnic Institute)

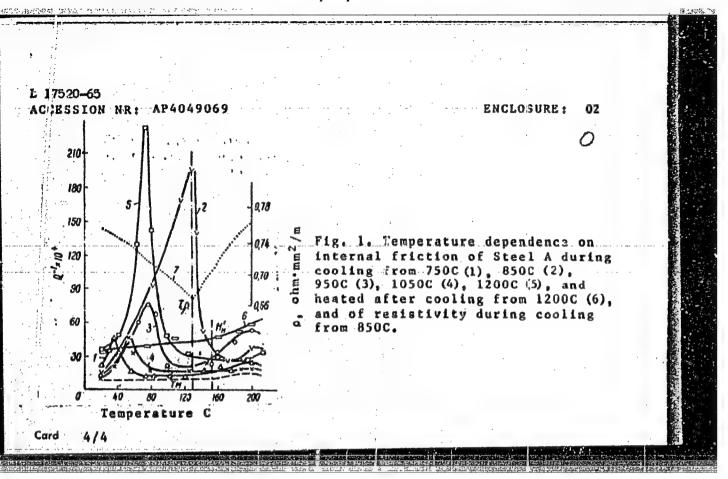
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•		Table 1.	Chemical	composi	tion of		
		austeniti	c-martens	itic sta	inless		
	•	steels				,	
			C Cr	NI M	6 W AI		The state of the s
	,	A	0.07 16.80 0.10 15.33	5,35 1.5 5,85 - 6,53 2.5	- 0.72		
		· C	0.10 15.33 0.08 16.45 0.07 16.02 0.09 16.13	6.53 2,	36 0.8 —		
		E	0,09 16,13	6.99			
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	L 9963-65 ENT(m)/T/ENP(b) MIN/ID/MLK ACCESSION NR: AT4046870 S/0000/64/000/000/0367/0357
	AUTHOR: Postnikov, V. S., Gorshkov, G. A., Zolotukhin, I. V., Sharshakov, I. M., 13 Usanov, V. V. TITLE: Effect of different kinds of treatment on some properties of SN-2 and SN-3 steel
	SOURCE: AN SSSR, Nauchny*v sovet po probleme zhazoprochny*kh splavov. Issledovaniya staley i splavov (Studies on steels and alloys). Moscov, Ied-vo Kauka, 1964, 367-375
	TOPIC TAGS: steel structure, steel crystallization, normalizing, steel strength steel internal friction, steel cold working, stainless steel
	ABSTRACT: High-strength stainless steels of the transient austenitic-martensitic class are widely used. Since they are between the austenitic and martensitic grades their properties may be changed with ease. In the present article, the effects of normalizing, cold working and aging on SN-2 and SN-3 steels are considered. The chemical composition of the steel, supplied by a plant in Voronezh, was standard. Literpal friction was investigated by a
	pendulum and on a device designed by V. V. Usanov and I. M. Sharshikov for samples pendulum and on a device designed by W. V. Usanov and I. M. Sharshikov for samples 5 mm in diameter and 60 mm long. Microhardness was determined on the PMT-3 device.
, Cal	d 1/5

1. 9963-65 ACCESSION NR: AT4046870

limiting strength on the MP-0.5 machine, and the microstructure under an MIM-8m microscope. The data are tabulated and shown in Figs. 1-3 of the Enclosure. The lowest strength and microhardness were obtained after normalizing; the highest after additional treatment by cold working and aging. All aged samples, no matter what treatment was used, had a lower strength at higher temperatures. At 450C, the strength drops sharply, while internal friction changes in the opposite way. The hardening of steel after normalizing with further cold working leads to a decrease in internal friction caused by disintegration of martensite and formation of a carbide with an increase in strength at room temperatures. Microscopic study of SN-2 steel shows that the -Y transformation begins near 480C and ends near 750C, causing a rise in internal friction. The occurrence of this increase is not completely explained, however, since the peak on the curve for SN-2 steel depends to some extent on the normalizing temperature. Orig, art. has: 7 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: None:

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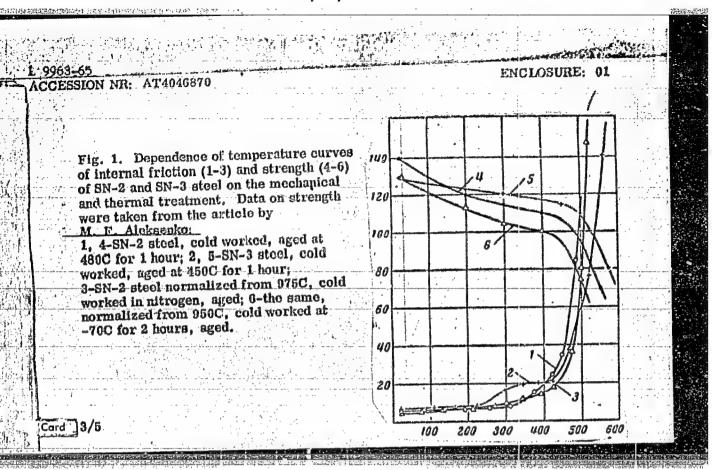
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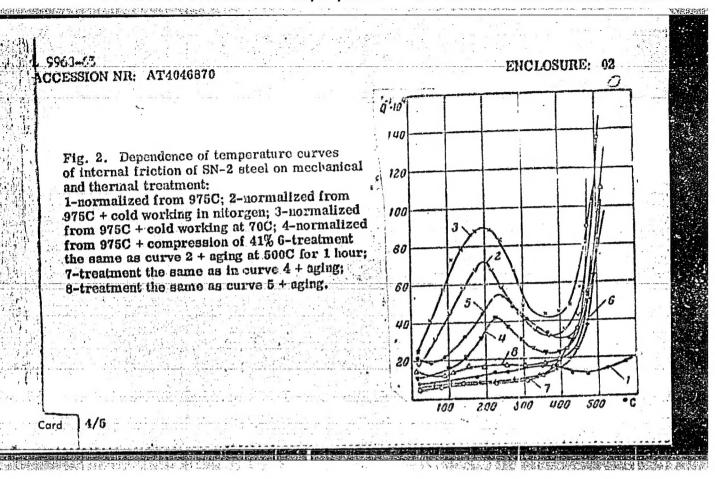
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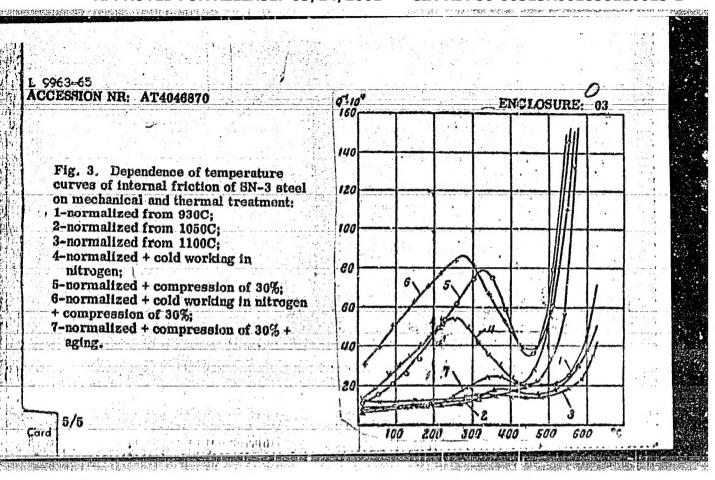
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GANDEL'SMAN, A.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; NAURITS, L.N., inzh.; USAROF, 7.7.; inzh.

Studying heat exchange and resistance at near-sonic speeds. Trudy
VNIIKIMASH no.9:125-137 165.

(Miss 18:6)

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Flow through senis speeds in channels with uniform these rectain under the effect of heat exchange and friction. Truny WITHDEAS no.9:139-123 165.

(MIRA 18:6)